



Aral Sea Basin Transboundary Water Early Warning Bulletin

March - April 2020



UNRCCA



A need for production and periodic and timely issue of the Bulletin as an information product for timely collection and dissemination of information on water-related, environmental, and climatic situation in the Aral Sea basin with the purpose to prevent problems or disputes arising was addressed during a seminar on “Early Warning on Potential Transboundary Water Problem Situations in Central Asia”, which was held in the city of Almaty on 26th of September 2011. The states in the Aral Sea basin have expressed their support for such initiative in discussions with the UN Regional Centre for Preventive Diplomacy for Central Asia. The Central Asian states have repeatedly shown their interest in enhancing the regional capacities for early warning and preparedness to potential hazards.

The Bulletin is a resource, which provides all the Central Asian states and their international partners with improved capacity to monitor regularly the status of transboundary rivers and warn early of potential issues that require attention.

Four early warning bulletins will be issued as part of the Project in 2020. The format and content of the bulletins have been agreed with the client and with all organizations that provided source information. The second bulletin in 2020 contains the actual information on the Syr Darya and Amu Darya basins for March and the forecast for April.

Data sources:

- BWO Amu Darya and BWO Syr Darya – data on water resources, their distribution in time (day) and by river reach, operation regimes of reservoirs, inflow (planned versus actual) to the Aral Sea,
- CDC “Energy” – data on operation regimes of hydroelectric power stations (HEPS), electricity generation (planned, actual),
- Aral-Syrdarya BWA – data on lower reaches of the Syr Darya River (components of the water balance from the tail-water of the Shardara reservoir to the Northern Aral Sea),
- Open Internet sources - climatic information.

Digest of CA news for March

Source: cawater-info.net/news/index.htm

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- © EU launches seven grant projects to support green economy in Central Asia uzdaily.uz

 - © Serikkali Brekeshev appointed Vice-Minister of Ecology, Geology and Natural Resources of the Republic of Kazakhstan lenta.inform.kz

 - © Productivity of Shardara hydropower plant improved lenta.inform.kz

 - © Kazakh experts developed new flood forecasting technique lenta.inform.kz

 - © Kazakhstan allocates 638 M for climate change caspiannews.com

 - © The road bypassing Roghun hydropower plant will cost \$380 M for Tajikistan dialog.tj

 - © WB requires increasing electricity tariffs in exchange for \$134 M rus.ozodi.org

 - © Water fluctuations in the Tajik Sea have caused flooding dialog.tj

 - © ADB will inspect its projects in Tajikistan kabar.kg

 - © A meeting on environment and climate change held at the Foreign Ministry of Turkmenistan turkmenportal.com

 - © 14th of March – the World Rivers Day calend.ru

 - © Implementation of the initiative “Decade of actions to achieve the UN Sustainable Development Goals until 2030” starts in Uzbekistan uzdaily.uz

 - © WMO warns about hazardous effects of global warming news.un.org

 - © Kazakhstan will enter agreements with its neighbors on shared rivers ritmeurasia.org

 - © D. Nazarbaeva discussed the issue of efficient water use between Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan caravan.kz

 - © Turkmenistan pushes forward the UN’s water diplomacy initiative sng.today

 - © Historical event: Uzbekistan scraps cotton state-order system – what are the implications uznews.uz

 - © “Green Aral Sea” Initiative launched gazeta.uz

 - © Leading scholars offered 76 ways to slow down climate change propozitsiya.com

 - © Uzbekistan and Tajikistan will build two hydropower plants in the Zaravshan River basin podrobno.uz

 - © They laughed at my idea, and they shouldn’t! How a Kyrgyz man created the artificial glacier ru.sputnik.kg

 - © Tajikistan cuts in half energy supplies to its neighbors kabar.kg

 - © Turkmenistan boosts cooperation with the United Nations in sustainable development turkmenistan.gov.tm

 - © A glass of water to the desiccating Aral Sea vesti.uz

 - © FAO-GEF project continues in the CA region dknews.kz

 - © How natural resources can contribute to peace in Afghanistan newsecuritybeat.org

 - © Smart meters are to be installed at Toktogul, Kambar-Ata, and At-Bashi hydropower plants and thermal power plants in Bishkek and Osh tazabek.kg

 - © Turkmenistan joined a number of international environmental instruments turkmenistan.gov.tm
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Amu Darya River Basin

Actual Situation in March and Forecast for April

In March, the available usable river water resources estimated as natural, non-regulated river flow plus lateral inflow into the river and minus losses amounted to 2,959 Mm³ (36% more than February's flow). The regulated flow of the Amu Darya in the section upstream of intake to Garagumdarya is estimated at 3,276 Mm³. It is expected that in April the flow of the Amu Darya River in the section upstream of intake to Garagumdarya will be 4,519 Mm³, i.e. will increase by 38%.

Inflow to the Nurek reservoir was 729 million m³ in March or 126% of the forecast. Water releases from the reservoir amounted to 1,262 million m³ (94% of planned releases). The reservoir was drawn down by 635 Mm³ and reached the volume of 6,129 million m³ by the end of month. Water losses in the reservoir (estimated as balance discrepancy) amounted to approx. 3% of water volume in the reservoir. It is expected that in April 1,210 million m³ of water will flow into the Nurek reservoir. The water volume in the reservoir will increase slightly to 6,172 million m³, and water releases from the reservoir will be 1,166 million m³.

In March, inflow to Tuyamuyun waterworks facility (TMWF) was 1,195 million m³ or 87% of expected volume. The water volume in the reservoirs decreased from 4,117 million m³ at the beginning of month to 2,801 million m³ at the end of month. Water releases from the reservoirs amounted to 1,530 Mm³ – 117% of those scheduled by BWO Amu Darya. Water diversion from the reservoirs amounted to 833 million m³ (97% of the plan). Water losses in the reservoirs of TMWF (calculated as water balance discrepancy) are estimated at 202 Mm³, i.e. about 7% of water volume in the reservoirs by the end of March. Inflow to TMWF is expected to be 1,776 million m³ in April. TMWF reservoirs will accumulate water and their volume will be 3,058 Mm³ by the end of month. Water releases from the reservoirs are planned in the amount of 976 million m³.

Nurek HEPS generated 597 million kWh of electric energy in March. The discharge through turbines was 471 m³/s, while the head was 215 m. Sterile spills were not observed. The head at Nurek HEPS decreased from 220 to 211 m in March.

In March, HEPS of the Tuyamuyun waterworks facility generated 21 million kWh; and, the head at HEPS was 20 m.

In March, water along the Amu Darya River was distributed unevenly: in middle reaches at Kelif g/s (section upstream of intake to Garagumdarya) – Birata g/s (inflow to TMWF) the water shortage amounted to 11% of the plan), and in lower reaches at Tuyamuyun g/s – Samanbay g/s no water shortage was observed. Water withdrawal was 1,734 Mm³ in the first reach and 949 Mm³ in the second reach. Water balances in the reaches showed negative discrepancies that can be attributed to water losses in March. Water losses amounted to 687 Mm³ (21% of river flow at Kelif g/s) in the middle reaches and 444 Mm³ (29% of river flow downstream of TMWF) in the lower reaches.

In March, flow of the Amu Darya River changed as follows by key gauging station: Kelif g/s – 3,276 Mm³, Birata g/s (inflow to TMWF) – 1,195 Mm³ (36% of flow at Kelif g/s), Tuyamuyun g/s (downstream of TMWF) – 1,530 Mm³ (47%), and Samanbay g/s (inflow to the Large Aral Sea) - 137 Mm³ (4% of flow at Kelif g/s).

In April, water withdrawal will be increased to 2,048 Mm³ in the first reach and decreased to 596 Mm³ in the second reach. River flow along the river will change as follows: Kelif g/s – 4,519 Mm³, Birata g/s – 1,745 Mm³, Tuyamuyun g/s – 976 Mm³, and Samanbay g/s - 130 Mm³.

In March, inflow to the Large Aral Sea from the Amu Darya basin (flow from the river and collecting drains (collectors)) amounted to 227 million m³. 207 million m³ were discharged from the Northern Aral Sea, and, thus, the cumulative inflow into the Eastern part of the Large Aral Sea was 434 million m³.

In March, the water level in the Eastern part of the Large Aral Sea averaged about 28.2 m, the water surface area was 3.7 thousand km², and the water volume was 4.7 km³. In the Western part, the water level was 21.8 m, the water surface area was 2.2 thousand km², and the water volume was 32.6 km³. Evaporation from 1 km² of water surface of the Large Aral Sea was 0.041 Mm³ in March.

It is expected that in April the total inflow to the Large Aral Sea will be 492 Mm³, including 285 Mm³ from the Amu Darya River and collectors and 207 Mm³ as inflow from the Northern Sea. By the end of April, in the Eastern part of the Large Aral Sea the water level will be 28.2 m, the water surface area will be 3.75 thousand km², and the water volume will be 4.9 km³. In the Western part of the Large Aral Sea the water level will be 21.76 m, the water surface area will be 2.23 thousand km², and the water volume will be 32.5 km³. Evaporation from 1 km² of water surface of the Large Aral Sea will be 0.081 million m³ in April.

The sections below show daily and ten-day data on climate and water management (reservoirs, HEPS, water distribution).

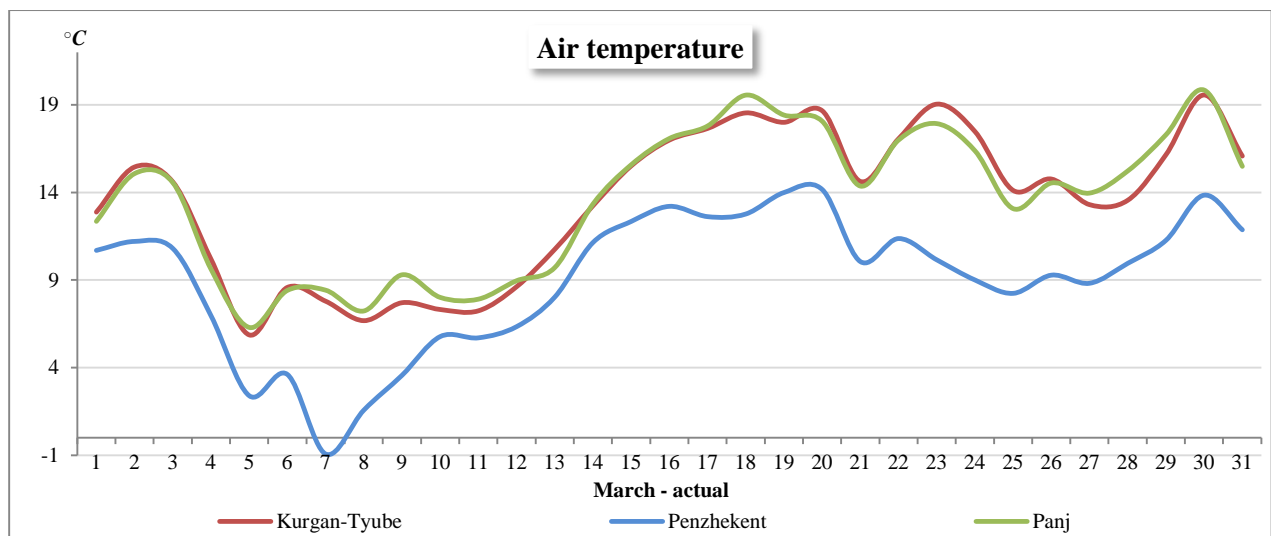


Climate

Weather station Riverhead	Location		
	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude above sea level, m
Kurgan-Tyube	37.82	68.78	429
Penzhekent	39.48	67.63	1015
Panj	37.23	69.08	363

Air temperature (T)

Station	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
Panj	T, °C	Forecast	12.00	14.00	15.00	15.00	17.00	22.00
	Actual		9.93	14.64	15.91			
Kurgan-Tyube	T, °C	Forecast	12.00	14.00	16.00	15.00	17.00	22.00
	Actual		9.70	14.52	15.97			
Penzhekent	T, °C	Forecast	8.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	12.00	18.00
	Actual		5.56	11.03	10.35			

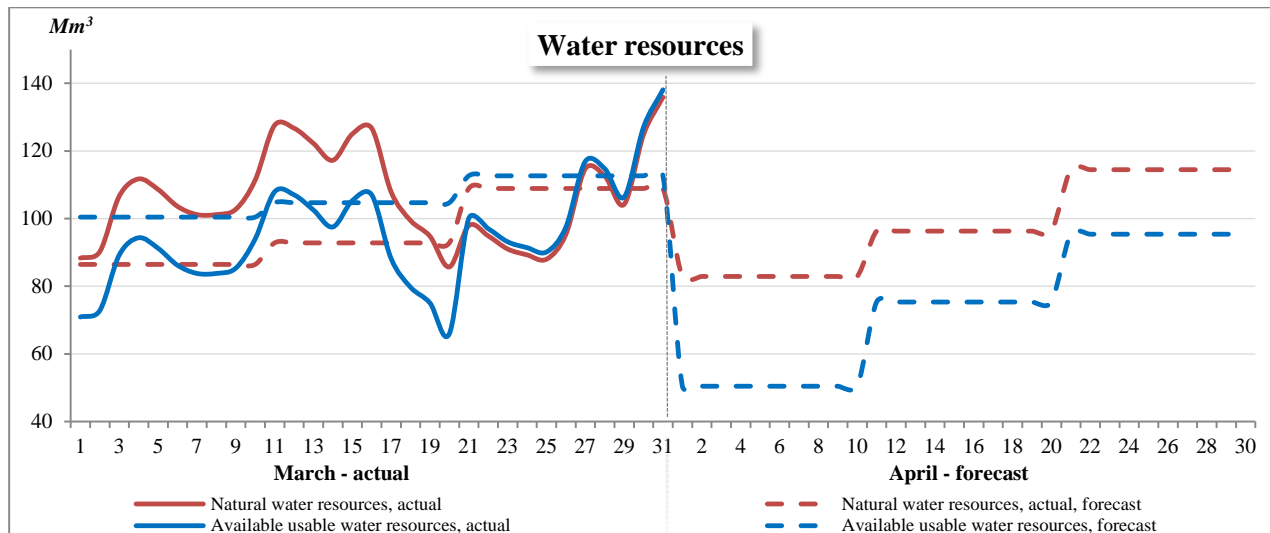


Water resources

Object
Amu Darya
Nurek reservoir
Atamyrat gauging station

Water volume (W)

Object	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
River runoff: Atamyrat g/s	W, Mm ³	Forecast	522.7	492.5	589.2	829.4	963.4	1144.8
		Actual	767.1	755.9	547			
Water withdrawal: upstream of Atamyrat g/s	W, Mm ³	Forecast	631.7	708.2	808.5	764.4	837.6	953.3
		Actual	526	583	662			
Nurek reservoir /filling (+) or draw down (-)	W, Mm ³	Forecast	-289	-272	-200	-43	26	60
		Actual	-267	-206	-60			
Natural water resources at Atamyrat g/s	W, Mm ³	Forecast	865	929	1198	1551	1827	2159
		Actual	1025	1133	1148			
Lateral inflow: downstream of Atamyrat g/s	W, Mm ³	Forecast	93	90	96	91	91	91
		Actual	114	111	114			
Open channel losses: downstream of Atamyrat g/s	W, Mm ³	Forecast	-46	-29	55	416	301	282
		Actual	288	308	91			
Available usable water resources	W, Mm ³	Forecast	1004	1047	1239	1226	1617	1968
		Actual	851	936	1172			

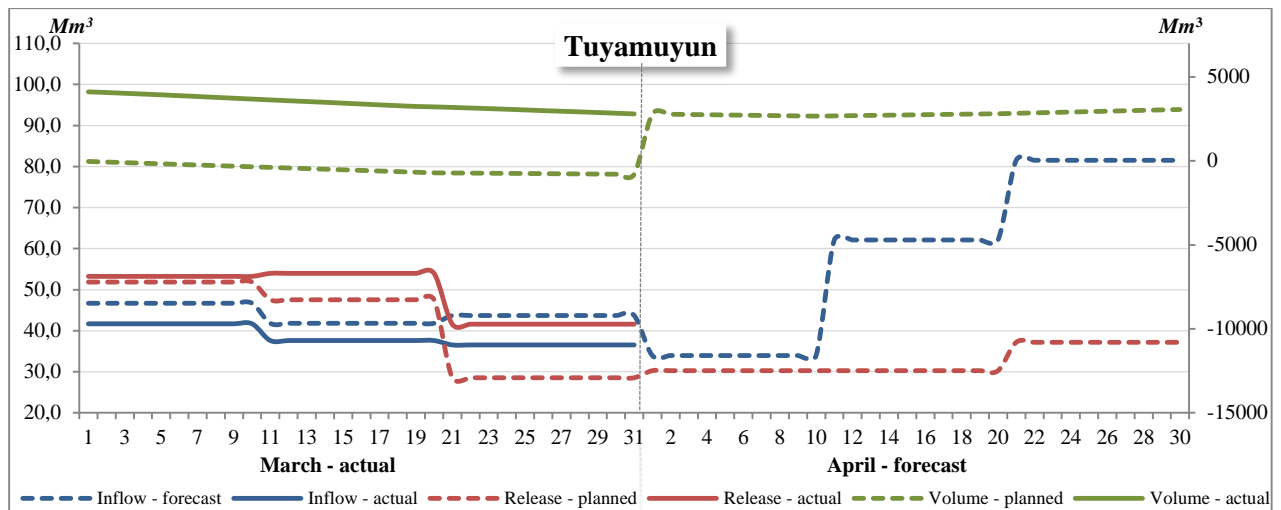
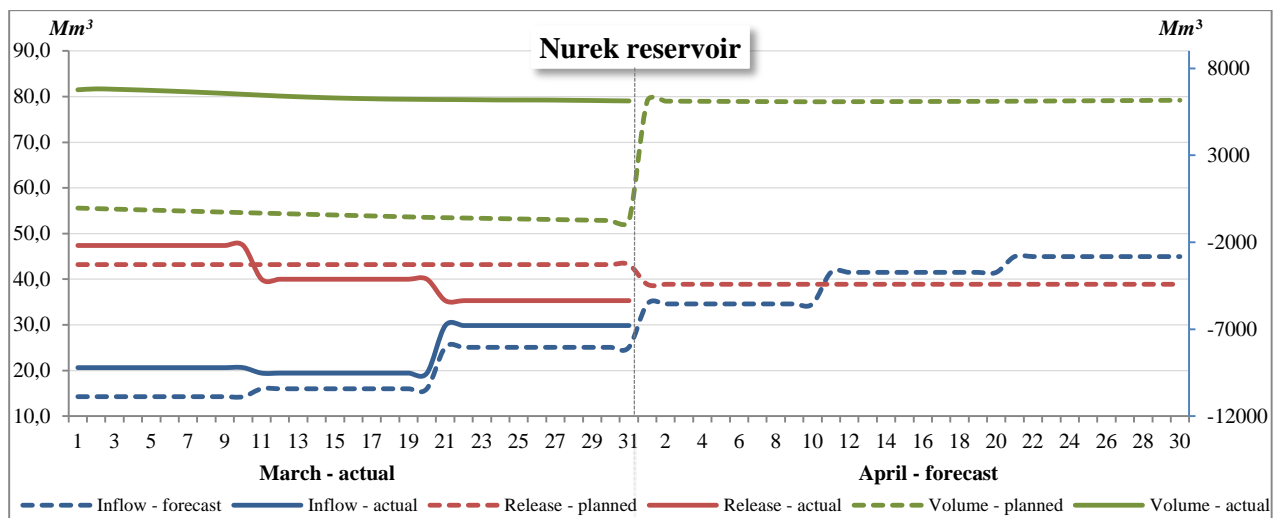


Reservoirs and HEPS

Reservoir	Location			Characteristics				
	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude above sea level, m	Length, km	Width, km	Water-surface area, km ²	Full volume, km ³	Full reservoir level, m
Nurek	38.40	69.47	864	70	1	98	10.50	910
Tuyamuyun	41.03	61.73	130	55	20	670	6.86	130

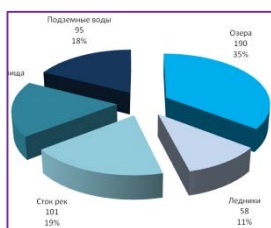
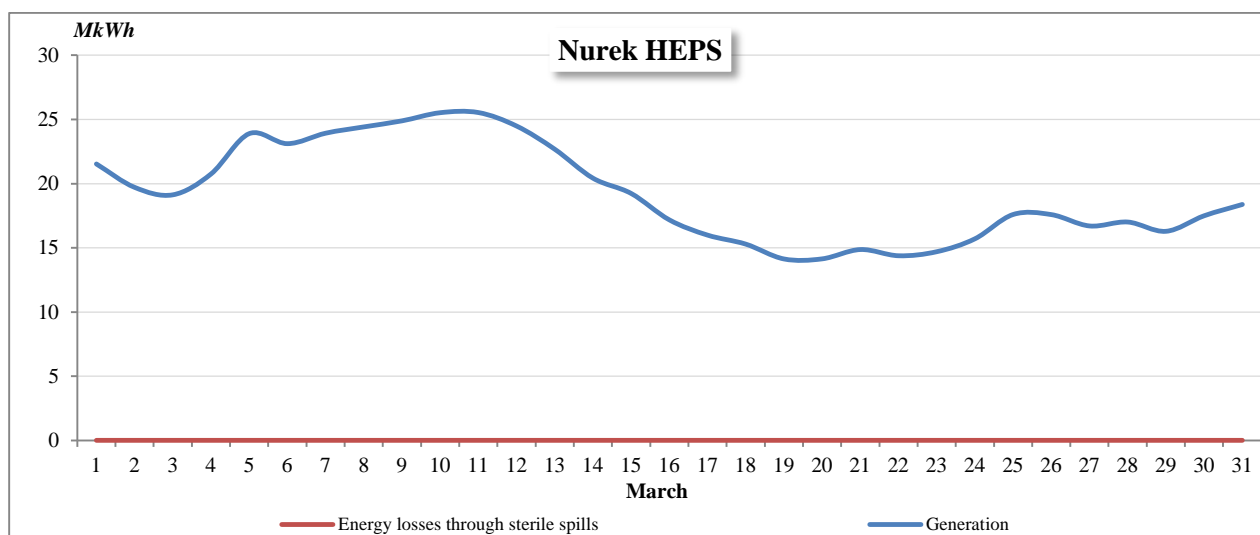
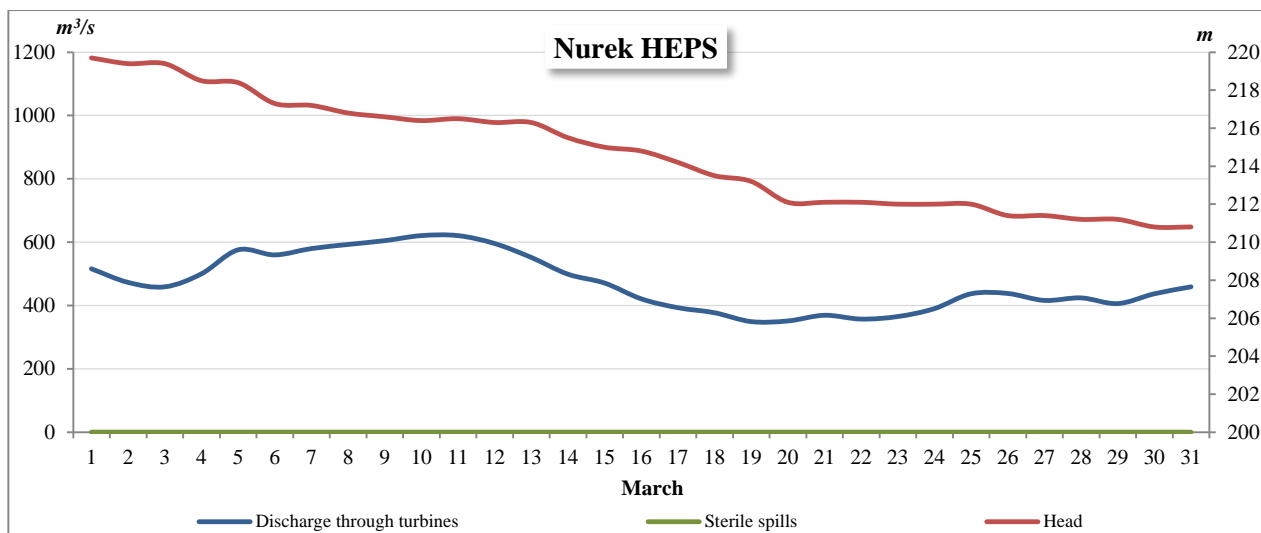
Inflow (I), Releases (R), Volume (W)

Reservoir	Parameter		March			April		
			I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day
Nurek reservoir	I, Mm ³	Forecast	142.6	159.8	275.6	345.6	414.7	449.3
		Actual	206.2	194.2	328.6			
	R, Mm ³	Planned	432.0	432.0	475.2	388.8	388.8	388.8
		Actual	473.7	400.0	388.6			
	W, Mm ³	Planned	6581	6308	6109	6086	6112	6172
		Actual	6508	6215	6129			
Reservoirs of Tuyamuyun waterworks facility	I, Mm ³	Forecast	467.1	418.3	480.9	339.7	621.2	815.3
		Actual	416.6	376.2	402.1			
	R, Mm ³	Planned	518.4	475.2	313.6	302.4	302.4	371.5
		Actual	532.6	539.9	457.6			
	W, Mm ³	Planned	3817	3458	3369	2662	2805	3058
		Actual	3686	3222	2801			



Generation (G), Energy losses through sterile spills (L), Discharge through turbines (Q), Sterile spills (R), Head (H)

HEPS	Parameter		March		
			I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day
Nurek	G, M kWh	Actual	226.96	189.15	180.77
	L, M kWh	Actual	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Q, m ³ /s	Actual	548.30	463.00	408.90
	R, m ³ /s	Actual	0.00	0.00	0.00
	H, m	Actual	217.97	214.74	211.50



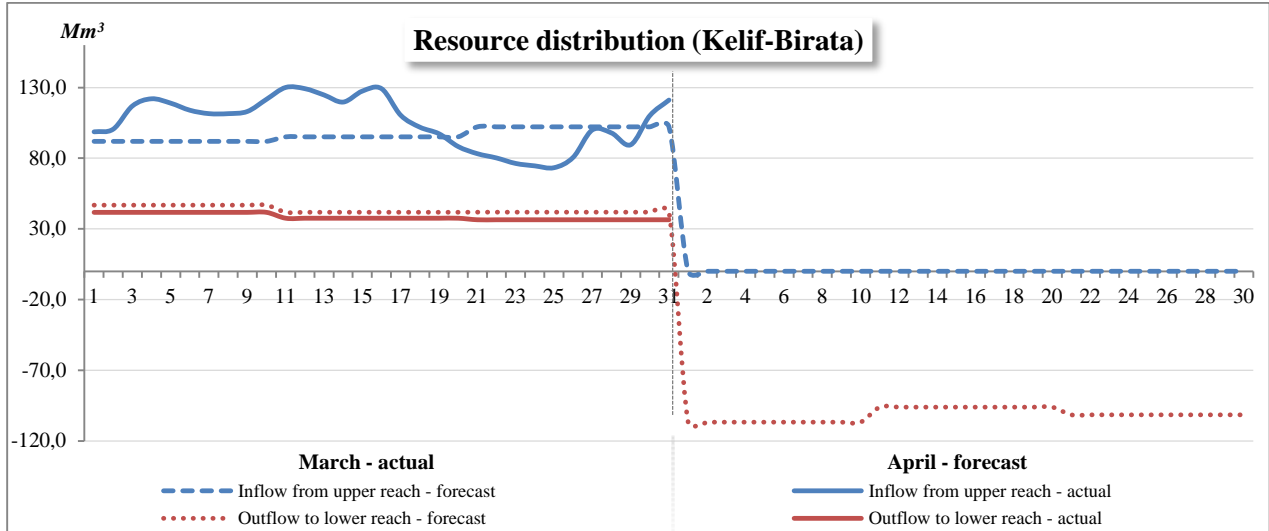
Water distribution

River reaches	
Kelif gauging station (upstream of intake to Garagumdaya) – Birata gauging station (Darganata)	
Tuyamuyun gauging station (tail water of Tuyamuyun waterworks facility) – Samanbay settlement	
Large Aral Sea	

Water volume (W)

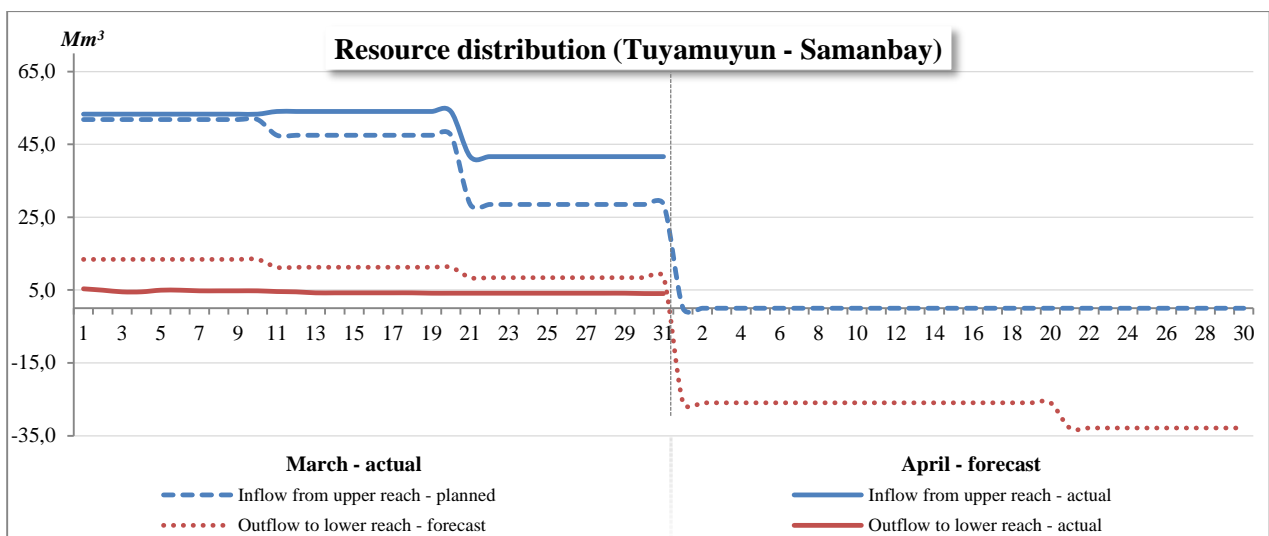
Kelif - Birata	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
Inflow from upper reach	W, Mm ³	Forecast	920	952	1125	1305	1482	1732
		Actual	1130	1159	987			
Lateral inflow	W, Mm ³	Forecast	93	90	96	91	91	91
		Actual	114	111	114			

Water withdrawal	W, Mm ³	Planned	592	654	707	652	661	734
		Actual	539	586	609			
Losses	W, Mm ³	Forecast	-46	-29	55	416	301	282
		Actual	288	308	91			
Outflow to lower reach	W, Mm ³	Forecast	467	417	459	327	611	807
		Actual	416.6	376.2	402.1			



Water volume (W)

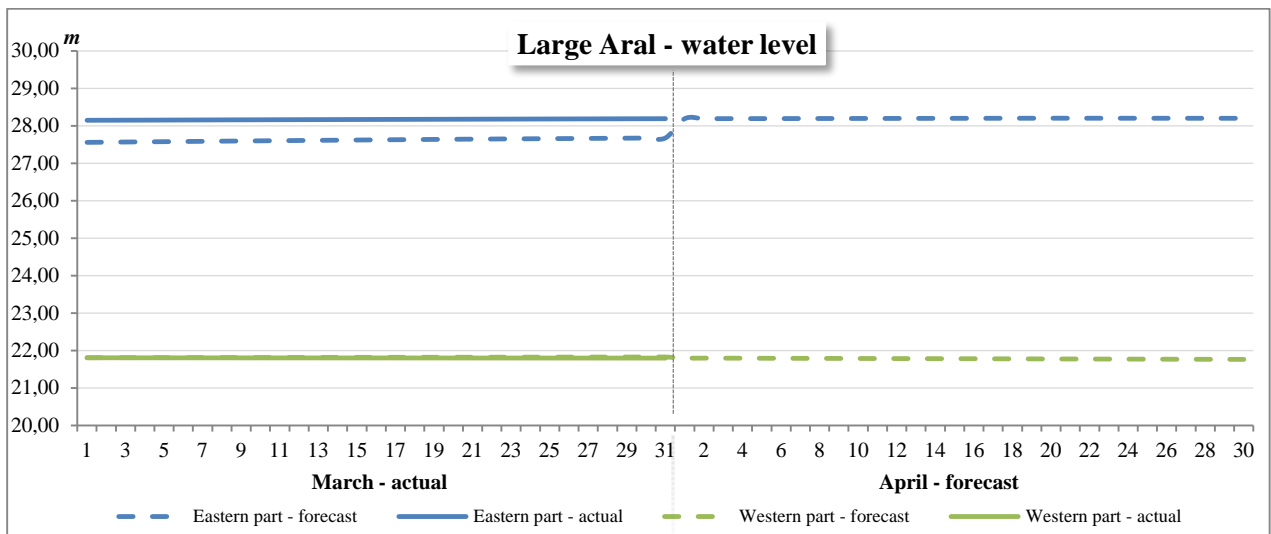
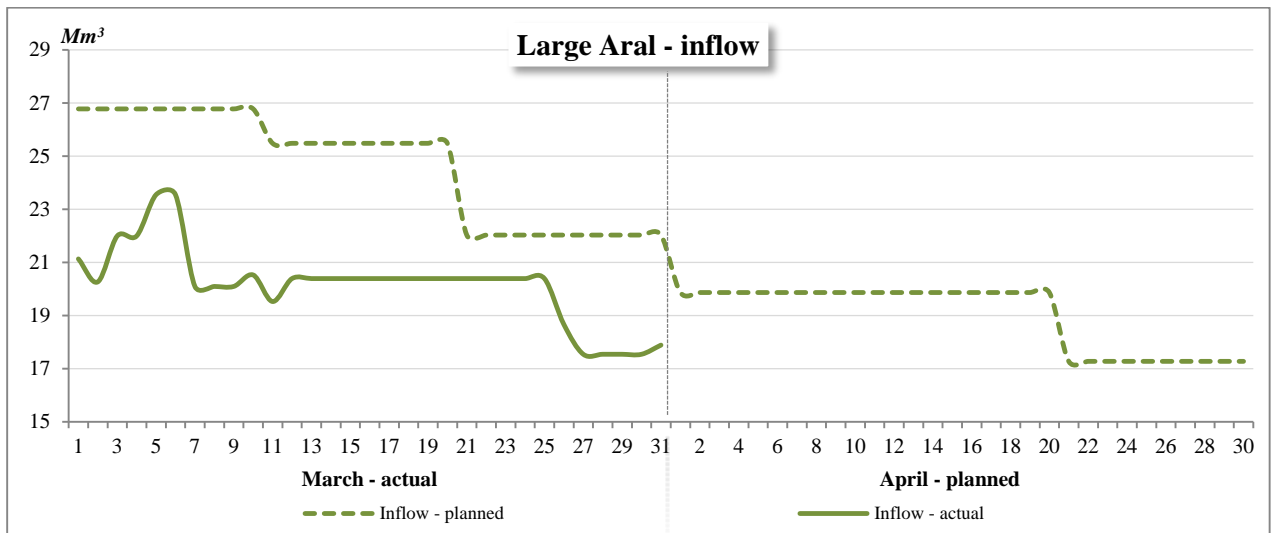
Tuyamuyun - Samanbay	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
Inflow from upper reach	W, Mm ³	Forecast	518	475	314	302	302	372
	Actual	532.6	539.9	458				
Lateral inflow	W, Mm ³	Forecast	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0				
Water withdrawal ¹	W, Mm ³	Planned	220	242	143	181	181	233
	Actual	277.6	334.6	337				
Losses	W, Mm ³	Forecast	164.2	121.0	79	78	78	95
	Actual	207	162	75				
Outflow to lower reach	W, Mm ³	Forecast	133.9	112.3	92.2	43	43	43
	Actual	48	43	46				

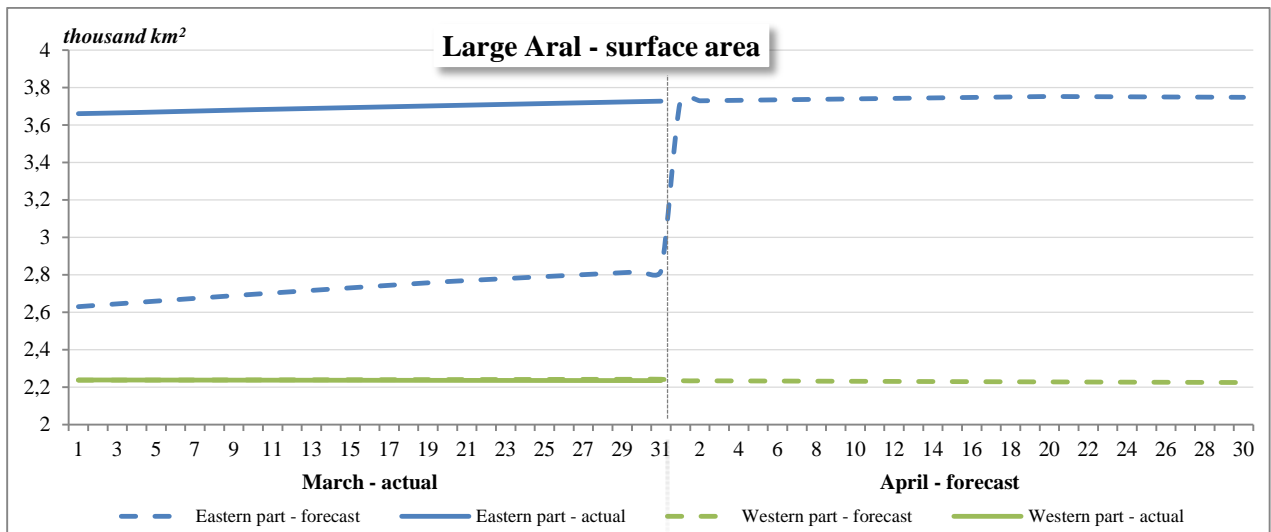
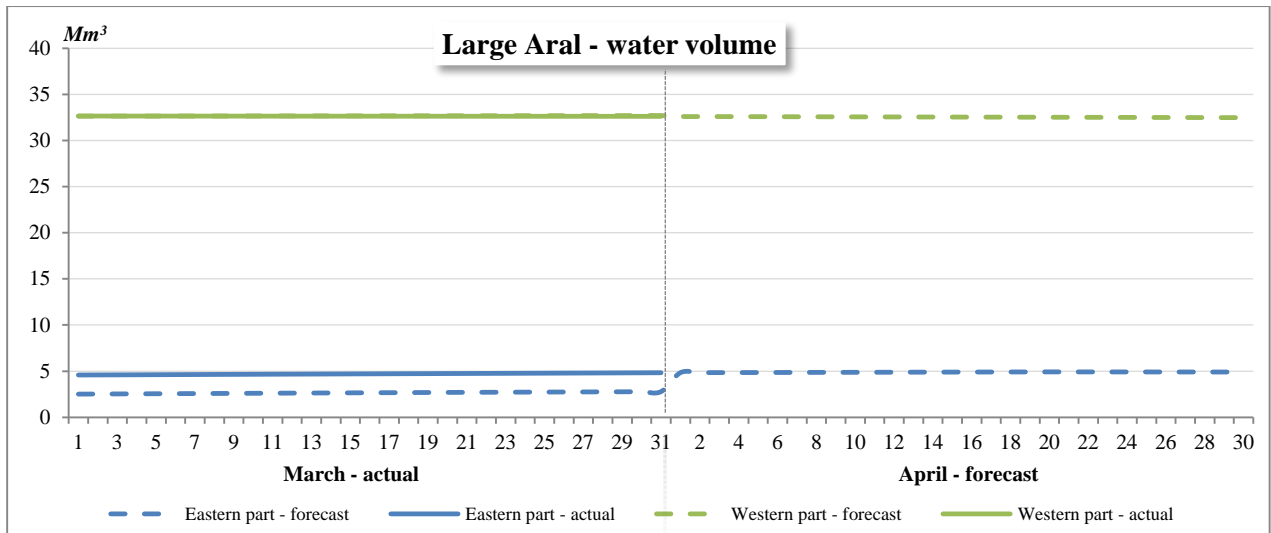


¹ Note: Including supply to the system of lakes and environmental water releases into canals

Water volume (W), Level (H), Surface area (S)

Large Aral Sea	Parameter		March			April		
			I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day
Inflow	W, Mm ³	Planned	267.84	254.88	242.35	198.68	198.68	172.76
		Actual	213.32	203.06	208.67			
Eastern part, water volume	W, Mm ³	Forecast	2.57	2.67	2.75	4.86	4.90	4.92
		Actual	4.63	4.71	4.79			
Eastern part, level	H, m	Forecast	27.58	27.62	27.66	28.19	28.20	28.20
		Actual	28.16	28.17	28.18			
Eastern part, area	S, th.km ²	Forecast	2.66	2.73	2.80	3.73	3.75	3.75
		Actual	3.67	3.69	3.72			
Western part, water volume	W, Mm ³	Forecast	32.65	32.67	32.69	32.58	32.54	32.50
		Actual	32.63	32.62	32.61			
Western part, level	H, m	Forecast	21.81	21.82	21.82	21.79	21.78	21.77
		Actual	21.81	21.80	21.80			
Western part, area	S, th.km ²	Forecast	2.24	2.24	2.24	2.23	2.23	2.23
		Actual	2.24	2.24	2.24			





Syr Darya River Basin

Actual Situation in March and Forecast for April

In March, the available usable water resources in the Syr Darya that were estimated as the sum of river flows based on inflow to Toktogul, Andizhan, and Charvak reservoirs plus lateral inflow to the rivers and minus losses amounted to 2,319 million m³, of which the inflow to the three upper reservoirs was 997 million m³ (116% of forecast and 128% of flow in February). In April, the available usable water resources are expected in the amount of 3,382 Mm³, including 1,593 Mm³ of inflow to three upper reservoirs or 160% of the flow in March.

In March, inflow to the Toktogul reservoir was 526 million m³ or 118% of the expected volume, and water releases from the reservoir amounted to 1,353 million m³ or 78% of BWO Syr Darya's schedule. The water volume in the reservoir decreased from 12,493 million m³ at the beginning of month to 11,659 million m³ by the end of month (104% of the plan). The unrecorded inflow to the reservoir was detected in the amount of 20 Mm³. It is expected that in April the Toktogul reservoir will continue discharging water and by the end of month the water volume will be 11,221 million m³; the inflow to the reservoir is expected in the amount of 689 million m³, and water releases are planned at 1,128 million m³.

In March, inflow to the Andizhan reservoir was 134 million m³ (93% of the forecast), and 142 million m³ of water were released from the reservoir. The water volume virtually has not changed: 826 million m³ at the beginning of month and 825 million m³ at the end of month. Water losses amounted to 3 Mm³. In April, inflow to the Andizhan reservoir is expected to increase to 269 million m³ and water releases will be 203 million m³.

Inflow to the Bakhri Tojik reservoir was 1,838 million m³ (83% of the forecast), while water releases from the reservoir were in the amount of 2,369 million m³ (124% of the plan) in March. The water volume changed from 3,516 Mm³ to 3,114 Mm³. The unrecorded inflow to the reservoir was detected from the balance method in the amount of 130 Mm³. In April, inflow to the Bakhri Tojik reservoir is expected to be 1,574 million m³, and 1,186 million m³ are to be discharged from the reservoir. Water will be accumulated in the reservoir approx. to 3,502 Mm³.

Water was discharged from the Charvak reservoir from 579 million m³ to 470 million m³ in March. Inflow to the reservoir was 336 million m³, and water releases amounted to 349 million m³. Water losses in the reservoir were estimated at 84 Mm³. In April, the Charvak reservoir will accumulate water and its volume will be 708 Mm³ by the end of month. Inflow to the reservoir is expected in the amount of 635 Mm³, while 397 Mm³ of water will be released.

Inflow to the Shardara reservoir was 1,820 million m³ (80% of the forecast) in March. Water releases from the reservoir amounted to 993 million m³ (only 51% of BWO Syr Darya's schedule). The reservoir accumulated water from 4,337 Mm³ to 4,857 Mm³. Water discharge into Arnasai was 17 Mm³, and water withdrawal from the reservoir was 89 Mm³. Balance discrepancy was substantial and amounted to 245 Mm³ (about 5% of the water volume in the reservoir). The analysis of water losses from the reservoir over the past years shows that the balance discrepancy in March 2020 cannot be fully attributed to water losses in the reservoir; measurement errors are possible in the Syr Darya River flow, namely inflow to the Shardara reservoir. In April, inflow to the Shardara reservoir is expected to decrease to 793 million m³, while planned water releases will increase to 1,374 million m³. Consequently, the reservoirs water volume will decrease to 4,129 million m³ by the end of month. Water discharge into Arnasai is not planned for April.

In March, the Koksarai reservoir was filled with water. Water diversion into the reservoir amounted to 812 million m³ (85% of the plan and 82% of river flow downstream of the Shardara reservoir). By the end of March, 2,010 Mm³ of water was accumulated in the reservoir. The reservoir did not discharge water into the river that month. Water losses in the reservoir are estimated at 15 million m³ (less than 1% of the water volume in the reservoir). In April, accumulation of water in

the Koksarai reservoir will be stopped. It is planned to discharge water from the reservoir into the river in the amount of 432 million m³. The water volume in the reservoir will be augmented to 1,578 million m³ by the end of April.

In March, energy generation by the cascade of Naryn HEPS amounted to 1,176 million kWh (under energy-generation regime) against planned 1,342 million kWh, including: Toktogul HEPS - 484 million kWh (85% of the plan). The average discharge through turbines of Toktogul HEPS was 504 m³/s, while the average head was 146 m. No sterile spills were observed. The plan of energy generation for April for the cascade of Naryn HEPS is set at 990 million kWh, including 396 million kWh for Toktogul HEPS. In March, the total generation at large HEPS of Uzbekistan amounted to 137 million kWh, of which: 72 million kWh at Charvak HEPS, 43 million kWh at Farkhad HEPS, and 22 million kWh at Andizhan HEPS. The discharge at Charvak HEPS is 117 m³/s, and the head is 97 m; the discharge at Farkhad HEPS is 234 m³/s, and the head is 31 m. The discharge at Andizhan HEPS was not observed till 10th of March. That time and in February, the reservoir accumulated water for the growing season to cover potential water shortage that might take place because of expected low water content in the Karadarya River. The average discharge at Andizhan HEPS was 39 m³/s, while the head was 95 m. Energy generation by HEPS of the Bakhri Tojik reservoir amounted to 85 million kWh, and that by Shardara HEPS was 57 million kWh in March. Water discharge at HEPS of Bakhri Tojik was 830 m³/s, while the head was 19 m. Discharge at Shardara HEPS was 234 m³/s, and the head was 31 m.

In March, water was distributed unevenly along the Naryn River and the Syr Darya River. In the reach of Toktogul HEPS – Uchkurgan waterworks facility (tail-water) the water shortage amounted to 29 million m³ or 6 % of planned water withdrawal. Open channel losses were 94 million m³ (7% of river flow at the head of the reach). In the reach of Uchkurgan waterworks facility (tail-water) – Akjar g/s no water shortage and open channel losses were observed; unrecorded inflow of 13 Mm³ or 1.5% of river flow at the head of the reach was detected. In the reach of Bakhri Tojik reservoir – Shardara reservoir water shortage was not observed also, but balance discrepancy (possible water losses) in the amount of 709 Mm³ (30% of discharge from Bakhri Tojik reservoir) was detected. The balance discrepancy can be partially attributed to unreliable data on river flow of the Syr Darya River at the end of the reach – underestimated inflow to the Shardara reservoir. In the lower reaches (downstream of Shardara reservoir) unrecorded inflow of 97 million m³ (10% of flow of the Syr Darya River downstream of the Shardara reservoir) was detected and no water shortage was observed.

In March, flow along the Naryn – Syr Darya rivers changed as follows: discharge from the Toktogul reservoir – 1,353 million m³, discharge from Uchkurgan waterworks facility – 876 million m³, Akjar g/s (inflow to the Bakhri Tojik reservoir) – 1,838 million m³, inflow to the Shardara reservoir – 993 million m³, Samanbay g/s (inflow to the Northern Aral Sea) - 191 million m³. 207 million m³ were discharged into the Large Aral Sea.

In April, water withdrawal from the river will be increased: to 531 million m³ in the first reach, to 66 million m³ in the second reach, and to 877 million m³ in the third reach. Inflow to the Northern Aral Sea is expected in the amount of 207 million m³. In March, inflow to the Northern Aral Sea was 191 million m³. The water level in the sea varied within 42.1...42.2 m. The water surface area was 3.17...3.19 thousand km² and the water volume was 24.4 km³. The discharge from the Northern Aral Sea into the Large Aral Sea (Amu Darya Basin) was recorded in the amount of 207 million m³ in March. It is expected that in April inflow to the Northern Aral Sea will be 104 million m³, while discharge to the Large Aral Sea will be 207 million m³. The water level will be 42.2 m, the water surface area will be 3.19 thousand km², and the water volume will be 24.3 km³ by the end of month.

The sections below show daily and ten-day data on climate and water management (reservoirs, HEPS, water distribution).

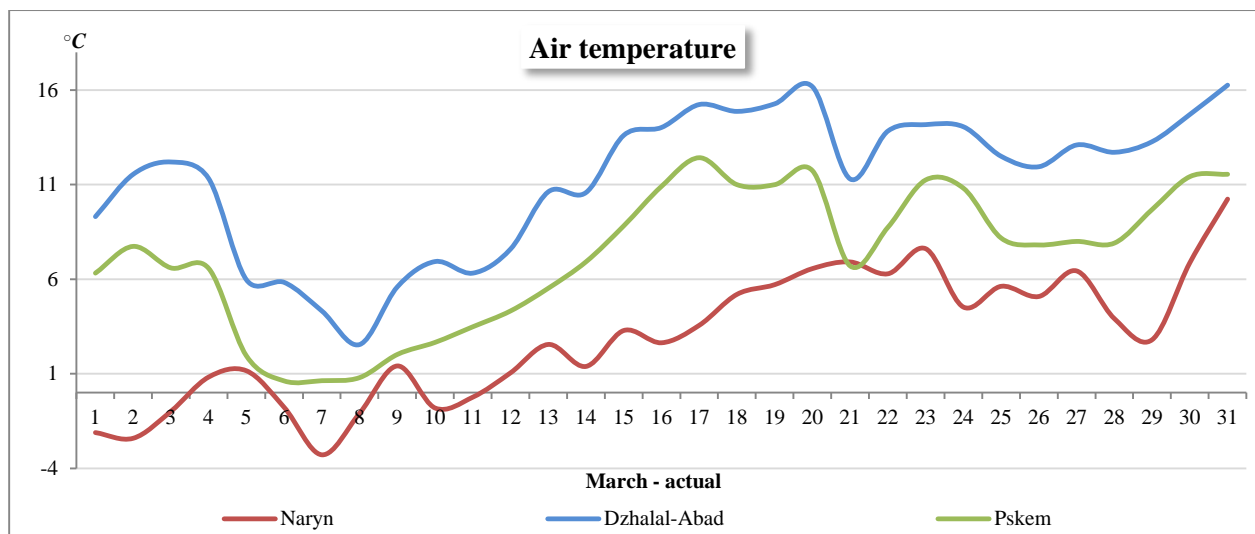


Climate

Weather station Riverhead	Location		
	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude above sea level, m
Naryn	41.43	76.00	2041
Dzhalal-Abad	40.92	72.95	765
Pskem	41.90	70.37	1258

Air temperature (T)

Station	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
Naryn	T. °C	Forecast	- 4.00	- 1.00	2.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
		Actual	-0.81	3.17	6.03			
Dzhalal-Abad	T. °C	Forecast	8.00	11.00	14.00	13.00	15.00	21.00
		Actual	7.56	12.43	13.44			
Pskem	T. °C	Forecast	4.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	11.00	15.00
		Actual	3.59	8.62	9.28			

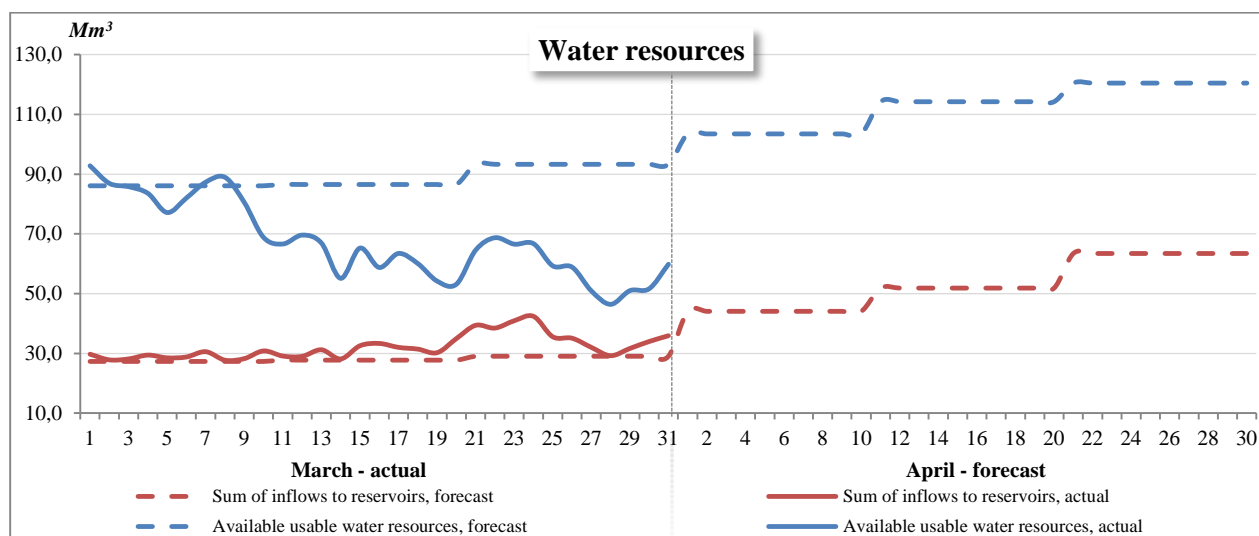


Water resources

Object
Naryn River (inflow to Toktogul)
Karadarya River (inflow to Andizhan)
Chirchik River (inflow to Charvak)
Syr Darya River (up to Shardara)

Water volume (W)

Object	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
Inflow to Toktogul reservoir	W, Mm ³	Forecast	143	143	157.8	230	230	229.8
		Actual	150	163	212.8			
Inflow to Andizhan reservoir	W, Mm ³	Forecast	39	43	61.8	69	79	121.0
		Actual	48	46	40.4			
Inflow to Charvak reservoir	W, Mm ³	Forecast	91	91	99.7	142	210	283.4
		Actual	92	103	141.8			
Sum of inflows to reservoirs	W, Mm ³	Forecast	273	277	319.3	441	518	634.2
		Actual	290	312	395.0			
Lateral inflow up to Shardara	W, Mm ³	Forecast	600	600	719.1	606	636	581.8
		Actual	556	313	261.9			
Losses	W, Mm ³	Forecast	12	12	12.2	12	12	11.1
		Actual	12	12	12.2			
Available usable water resources	W, Mm ³	Forecast	861	865	1026.1	1035	1142	1204.8
		Actual	834	613	644.7			

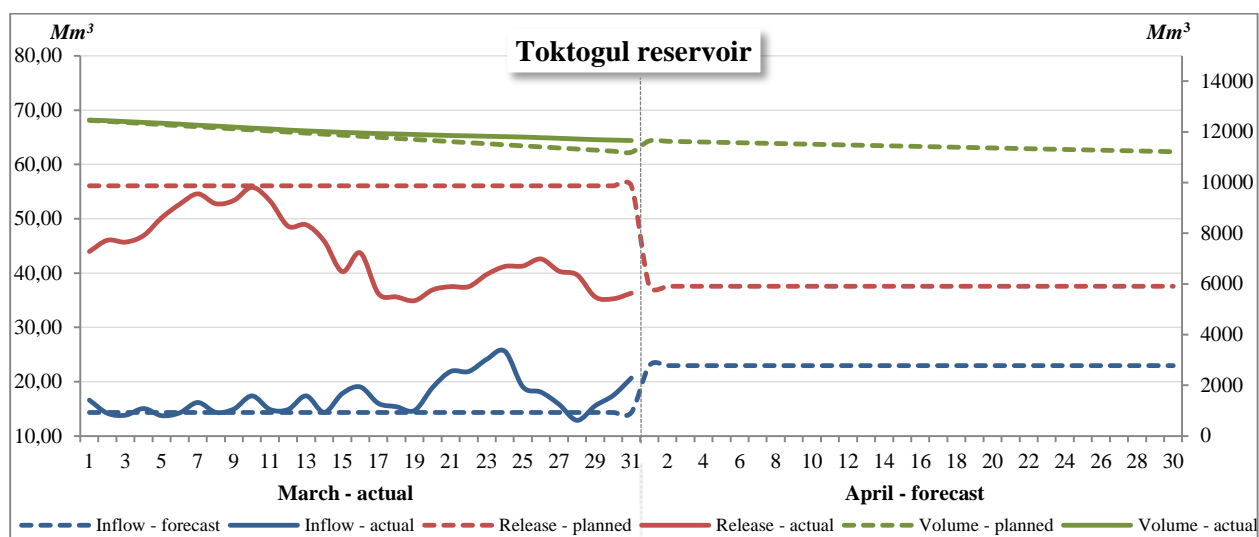


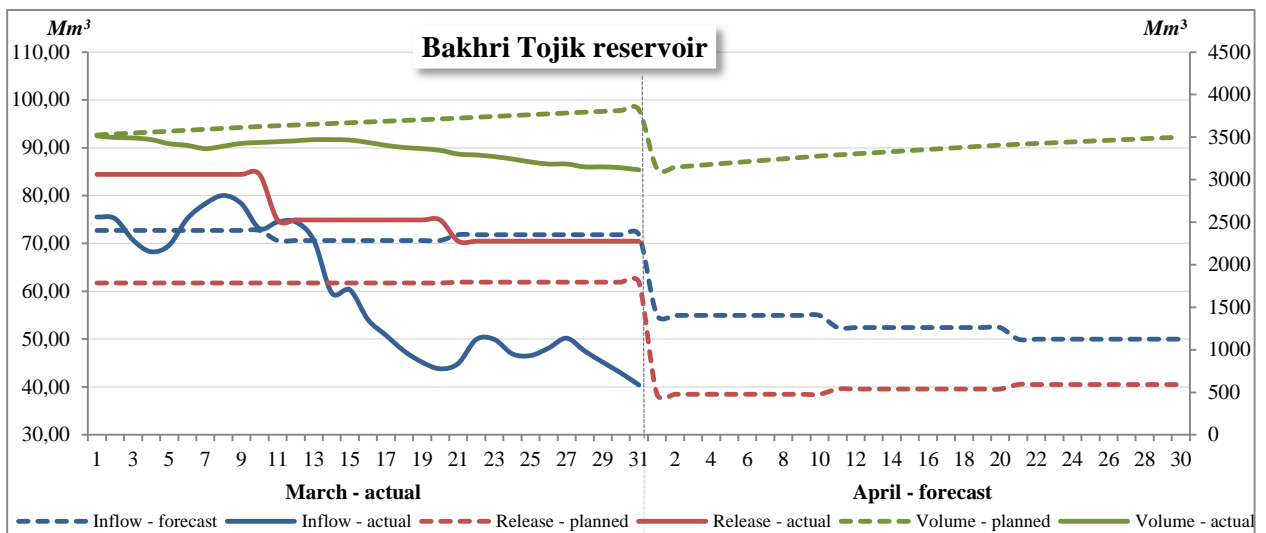
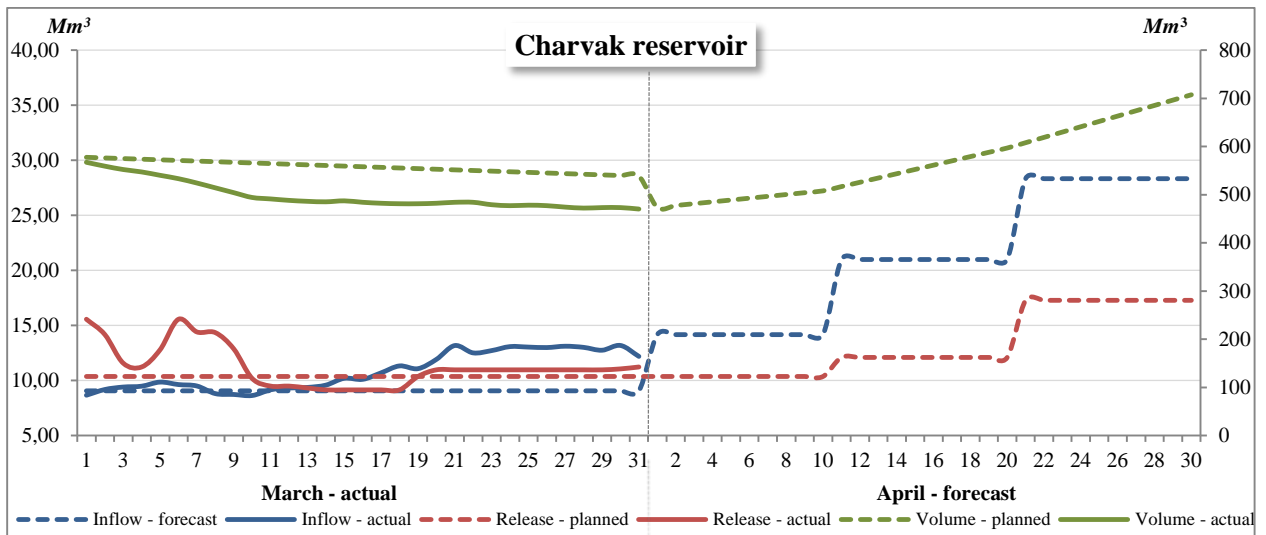
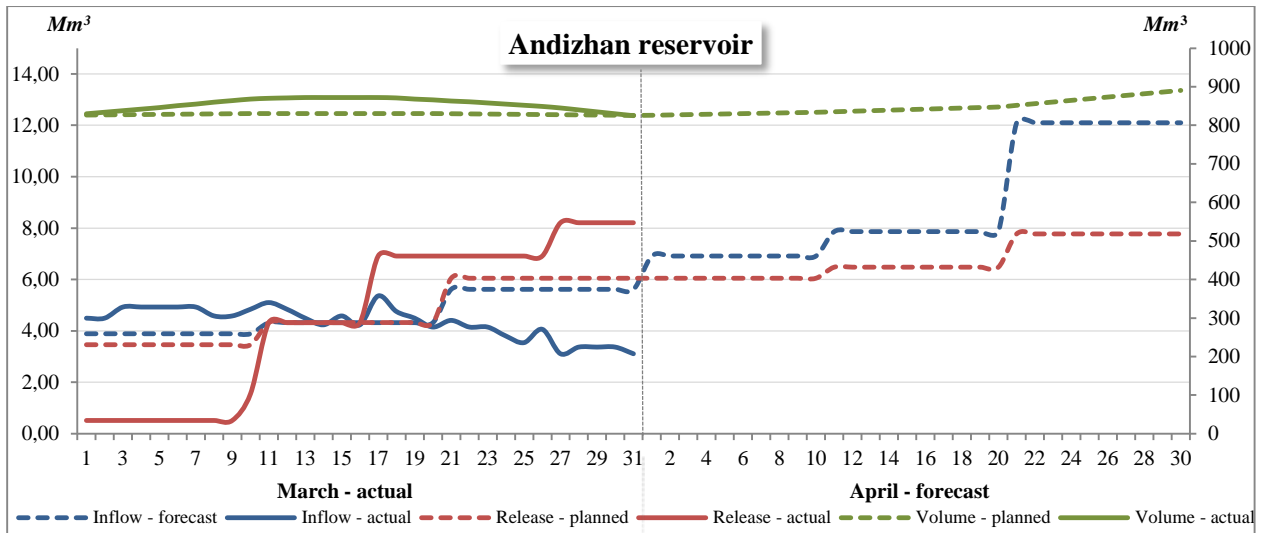
Reservoirs and HEPS

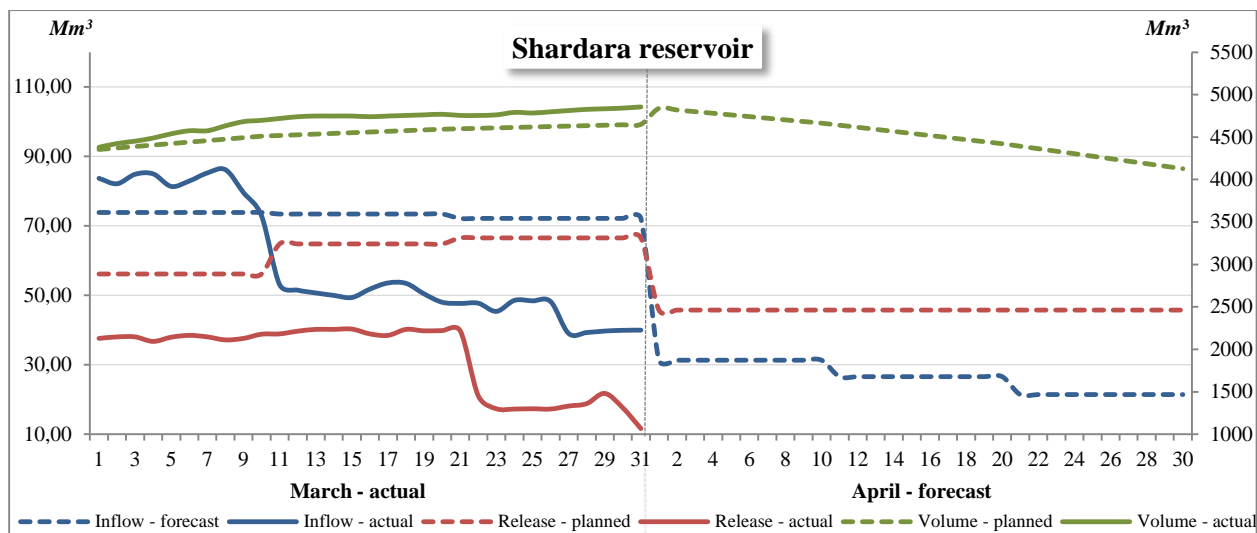
Reservoir	Location			Characteristics				
	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude above sea level, m	Length, km	Width, km	Water-surface area, km ²	Full volume, km ³	Full reservoir level, m
Toktogul	41.80	72.87	880	65	12	284	19.50	215
Andizhan	40.77	73.11	900	36	1.5-12	56	0.19	905
Bakhri Tojik	40.29	70.07	344	75	20	520	4.16	348
Charvak	41.63	70.03	869	15	3	37	1.90	906
Shardara	41.20	67.99	250	80	25	783	5.70	252

Inflow (I), Releases (R), Volume (W)

Reservoir	Parameter		March			April		
			I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day
Toktogul reservoir	I, Mm ³	Forecast	143.42	143.42	157.77	229.82	229.82	229.82
		Actual	150.42	163.21	212.80			
	R, Mm ³	Planned	560.74	560.74	616.80	375.84	375.84	375.84
		Actual	502.16	424.31	426.99			
	W, Mm ³	Planned	12076	11658	11199	11513	11367	11221
		Actual	12148	11876	11659			
Andizhan reservoir	I, Mm ³	Forecast	38.88	43.20	61.78	69.12	78.62	120.96
		Actual	47.61	46.22	40.44			
	R, Mm ³	Planned	34.56	43.20	66.53	60.48	64.80	77.76
		Actual	6.22	53.57	82.51			
	W, Mm ³	Planned	830	830	826	834	847	891
		Actual	868	866	825			
Charvak reservoir	I, Mm ³	Forecast	90.65	90.65	99.72	141.70	209.95	283.39
		Actual	91.93	102.76	141.77			
	R, Mm ³	Planned	103.68	103.68	114.05	103.68	120.96	172.80
		Actual	132.68	95.47	121.05			
	W, Mm ³	Planned	566	553	539	508	597	708
		Actual	494	482	470			
Bakhri Tojik reservoir	I, Mm ³	Forecast	727.53	706.37	790.36	549.68	524.26	499.98
		Actual	744.08	580.95	512.70			
	R, Mm ³	Planned	617.33	617.33	680.96	385.02	395.92	405.35
		Actual	844.67	749.33	775.44			
	W, Mm ³	Planned	3626	3715	3825	3279	3407	3502
		Actual	3438	3345	3114			
Shardara reservoir	I, Mm ³	Forecast	738.91	734.47	794.04	313.20	265.79	214.20
		Actual	824.11	512.13	484.18			
	R, Mm ³	Planned	561.60	648.00	731.81	457.92	457.92	457.92
		Actual	378.26	396.23	218.16			
	W, Mm ³	Planned	4510	4593	4650	4663	4422	4129
		Actual	4698	4770	4857			

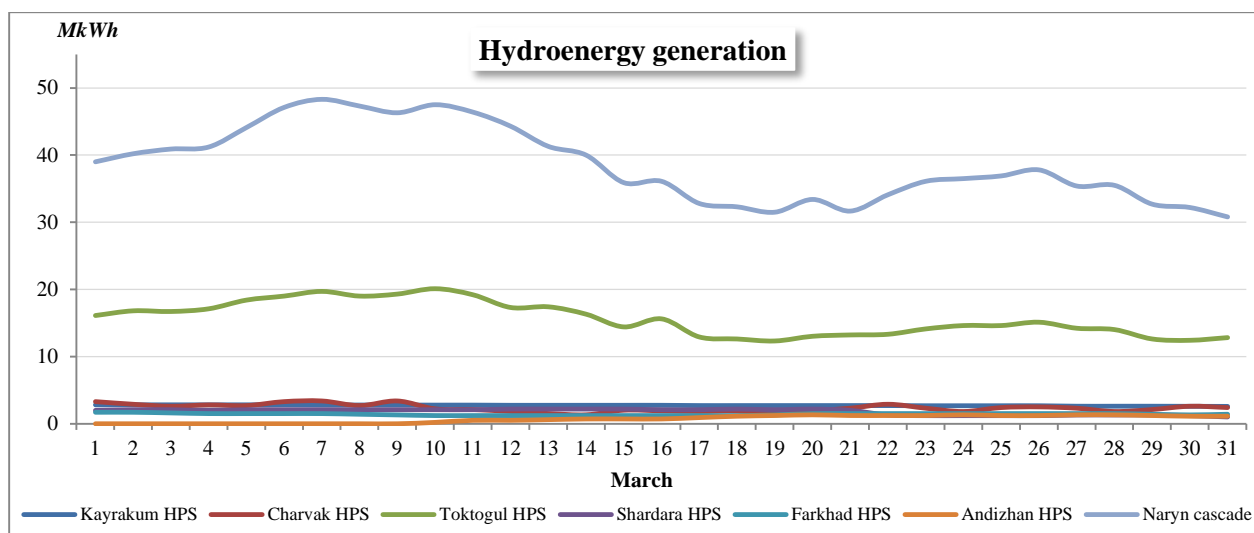


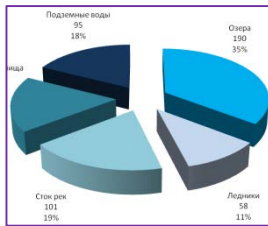




Generation (G), Energy losses through sterile spills (L), Discharge through turbines (Q), Sterile spills (R), Head (H)

HEPS	Parameter		March		
			I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day
Naryn cascade	G, M kWh	Actual	441.9	374.0	379.7
Toktogul	G, M kWh	Actual	182.2	151.0	150.9
	Q, m³/s	Actual	581.0	490.2	445.9
	H, m	Actual	147.4	146.1	145.2
Andizhan	G, M kWh	Actual	0.2	8.2	13.3
	Q, m³/s	Actual	3.0	54.2	58.4
	H, m	Actual	95.0	95.0	95.0
Bakhri Tojik	G, M kWh	Actual	28.1	27.4	29.2
	Q, m³/s	Actual	830.0	830.0	830.0
	H, m	Actual	19.9	19.4	18.8
Farkhad	G, M kWh	Actual	14.9	12.4	16.1
	Q, m³/s	Actual	248.8	206.8	244.4
	H, m	Actual	30.6	30.6	30.6
Charvak	G, M kWh	Actual	29.3	17.7	25.4
	Q, m³/s	Actual	143.0	89.1	118.3
	H, m	Actual	98.8	96.8	96.0
Shardara	G, M kWh	Actual	20.8	21.6	14.2
	Q, m³/s	Actual	401.0	445.0	200
	G, M kWh	Actual	20.0	20.2	21.4



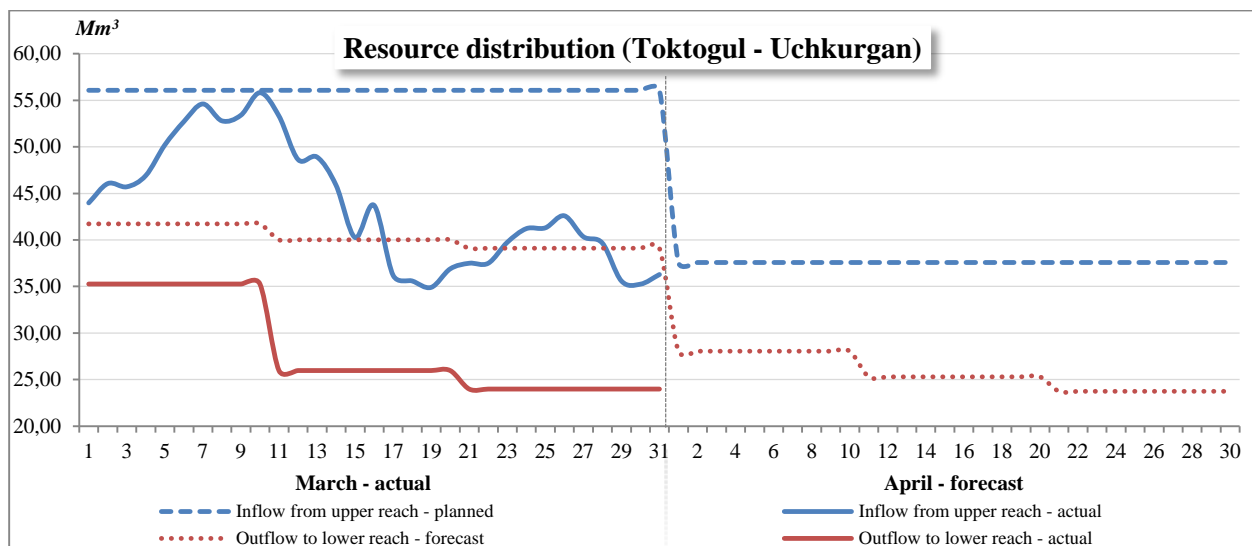


Water distribution

River reach
Naryn River: tail water of Toktogul reservoir– Uchkurgan waterworks facility
Naryn River: Uchkurgan waterworks facility - Syr Darya River: inflow to Bakhri Tojik reservoir
Syr Darya River: tail water of Bakhri Tojik reservoir – inflow to Shardara reservoir
Syr Darya River: tail water of Shardara reservoir – inflow to Northern Aral Sea (Karateren settlement)
Northern Aral Sea

Water volume (W)

Toktogul - Uchkurgan	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
Inflow from upper reach	W, Mm ³	Planned	560.74	560.74	616.80	375.84	375.84	375.84
		Actual	502.16	424.31	426.99			
Lateral inflow ²	W, Mm ³	Forecast	25.38	25.38	27.90	66.86	66.86	66.86
		Actual	12.70	20.39	44.33			
Water withdrawals	W, Mm ³	Planned	143.08	160.17	186.09	153.45	180.92	196.47
		Actual	128.43	151.57	180.62			
Losses	W, Mm ³	Forecast	25.92	25.92	28.51	8.64	8.64	8.64
		Actual	33.92	33.50	26.96			
Outflow to lower reach ³	W, Mm ³	Forecast	417.12	400.03	430.10	280.61	253.14	237.59
		Actual	352.51	259.63	263.74			



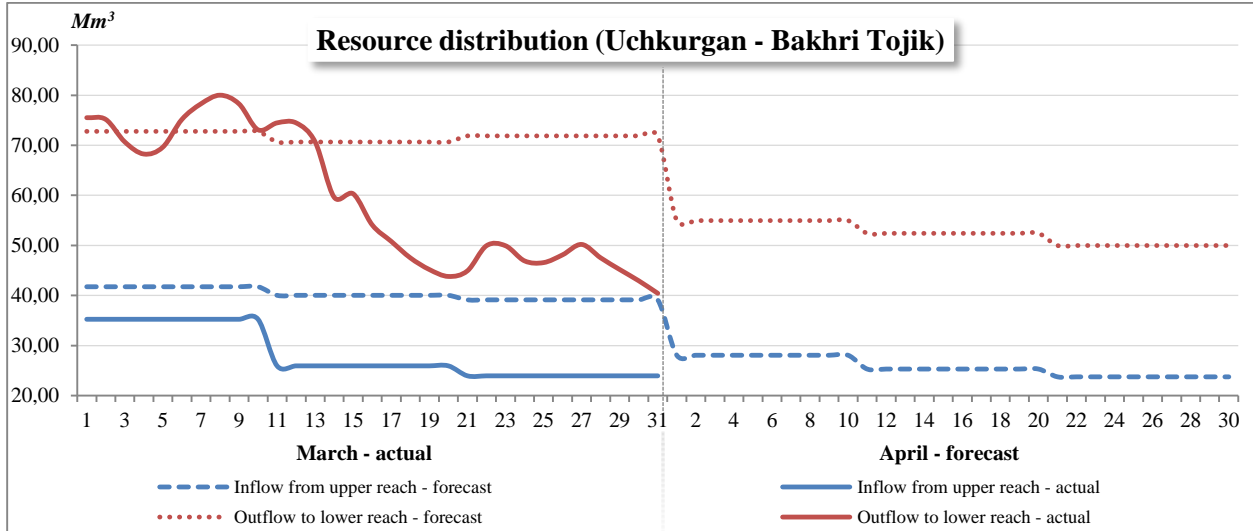
Water volume (W)

Uchkurgan – Bakhri Tojik	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
Inflow from upper reach	W, Mm ³	Forecast	417.12	400.03	430.10	280.61	253.14	237.59
		Actual	352.51	259.63	263.74			
Lateral inflow	W, Mm ³	Forecast	352.07	348.00	406.09	320.74	323.20	314.63
		Actual	388.11	310.78	287.28			

² Incl. Karasu left and right

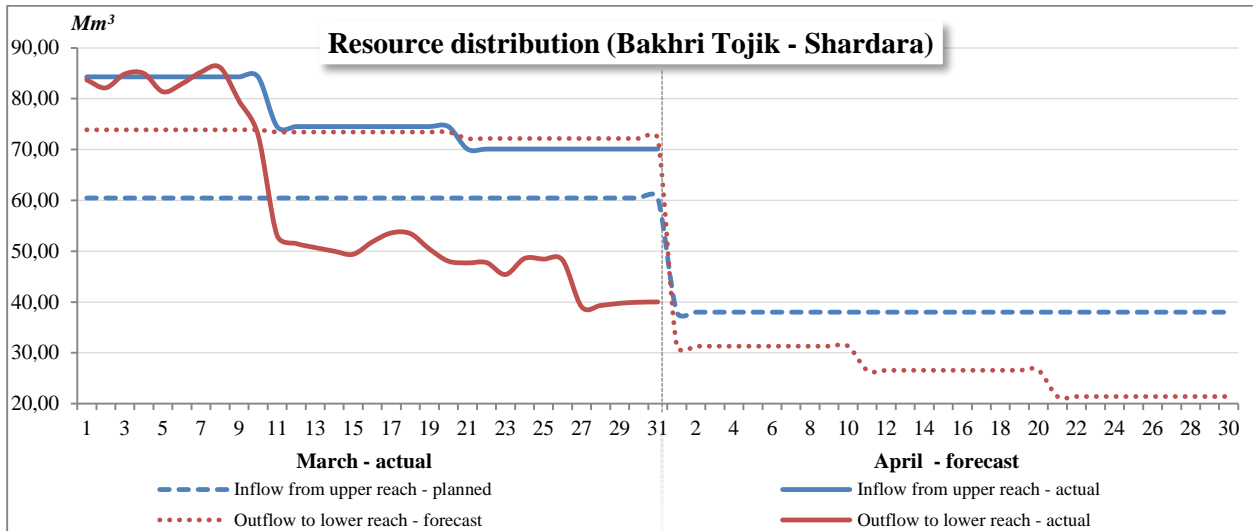
³ Uchkurgan waterworks facility

Water withdrawals	W, Mm ³	Planned	11.66	11.66	12.83	21.67	22.08	22.24
		Actual	8.73	12.86	16.09			
Losses	W, Mm ³	Forecast	30.00	30.00	33.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
		Actual	-12.19	-23.40	22.22			
Outflow to lower reach ⁴	W, Mm ³	Forecast	727.53	706.37	790.36	549.68	524.26	499.98
		Actual	744.08	580.95	512.70			



Water volume (W)

Bakhri Tojik - Shardara	Parameter	March			April			
		I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	
Inflow from upper reach ⁵	W, Mm ³	Planned	604.80	604.80	665.28	380.16	380.16	380.16
		Actual	843.00	745.03	770.77			
Lateral inflow	W, Mm ³	Forecast	320.97	305.90	329.26	271.69	252.14	269.54
		Actual	274.62	165.41	139.66			
Water withdrawals	W, Mm ³	Planned	136.86	126.23	145.51	248.79	306.67	321.11
		Actual	134.26	138.15	135.82			
Losses	W, Mm ³	Forecast	50.00	50.00	55.00	89.86	59.84	114.39
		Actual	159.25	260.16	290.43			
Outflow to lower reach	W, Mm ³	Forecast	738.91	734.47	794.04	313.20	265.79	214.20
		Actual	824.11	512.13	484.18			

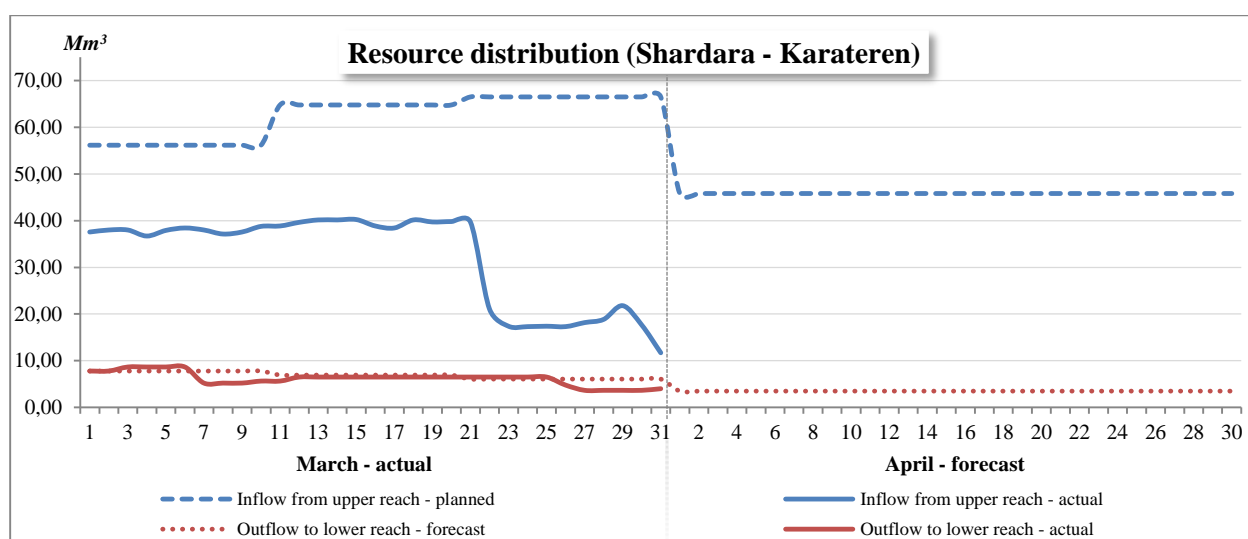


⁴ Akdzhazhar g/s

⁵ Kyzylkishlak g/s

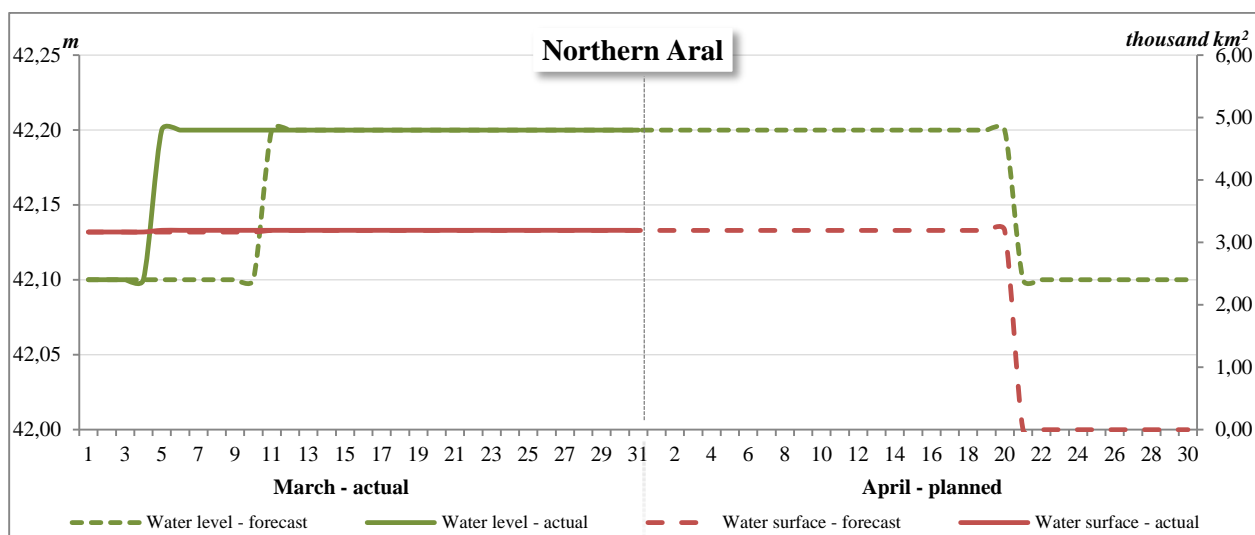
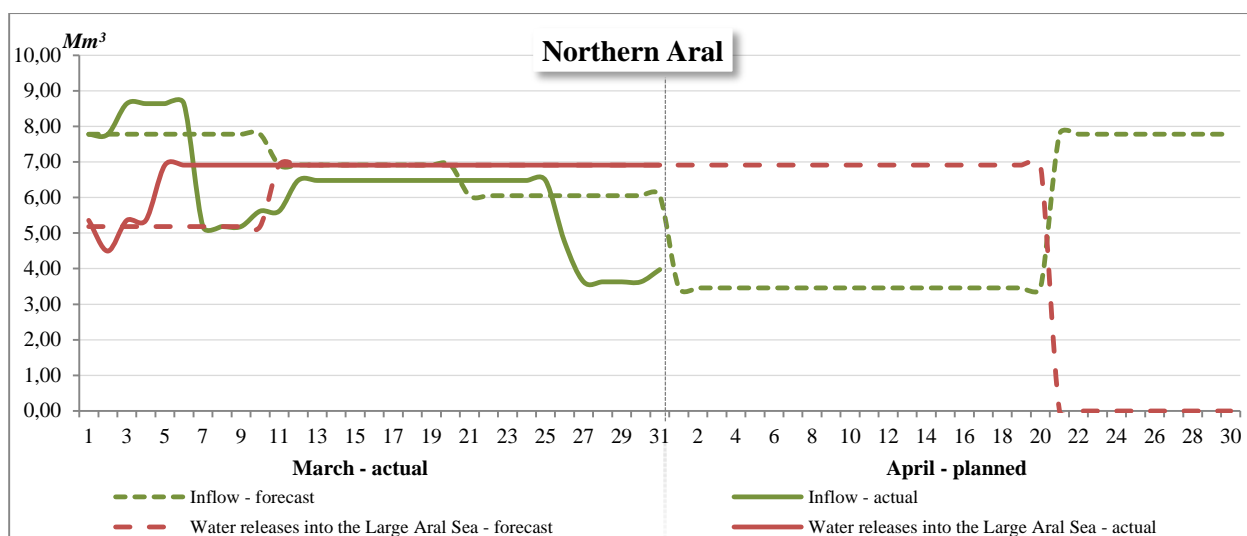
Water volume (W)

Shardara - Karateren	Parameter		March			April		
			I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day
Inflow from upper reach	W, Mm ³	Planned	561.60	648.00	732	457.92	457.92	457.92
		Actual	378.26	396.23	218			
Lateral inflow	W, Mm ³	Forecast	11.76	16.72	19	6.05	6.05	6.05
		Actual	20.27	19.07	35			
Filling (+), draw down (-) of Koksarai reservoir	W, Mm ³	Planned	-345.6	-345.6	-266	0.00	172.80	259.20
		Actual	-302.4	-337.0	-173			
Water withdrawals	W, Mm ³	Planned	0.0	0.0	0	80.35	247.97	362.88
		Actual	51.8	51.8	57			
Losses	W, Mm ³	Forecast	150.0	250.0	418	349.06	354.24	325.73
		Actual	-26.9	-37.4	-33			
Outflow to lower reach	W, Mm ³	Forecast	77.8	69.1	67	34.56	34.56	34.56
		Actual	71.3	63.9	56			



Water volume (W), Level (H), Surface area (S)

Northern Aral	Parameter		March			April		
			I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day	I ten-day	II ten-day	III ten-day
Inflow	W, Mm ³	Forecast	77.76	69.12	66.53	34.56	34.56	77.76
		Actual	71.28	63.94	55.64			
Water volume	W, Mm ³	Forecast	24.48	24.56	24.63	24.42	24.40	24.48
		Actual	24.46	24.45	24.44			
Water level	H, m	Forecast	42.10	42.20	42.20	42.20	42.20	42.10
		Actual	42.16	42.20	42.20			
Water surface area	S, th.km ²	Forecast	3.17	3.19	3.19	3.19	3.19	0.00
		Actual	3.18	3.19	3.19			
Water releases into the Large Aral Sea	W, Mm ³	Forecast	51.84	69.12	76.03	69.12	69.12	0.00
		Actual	62.04	69.12	76.03			



Information sources

Basin Water Organization “Amu Darya”
 Basin Water Organization “Syr Darya”

Aral–Syrdarya Basin Water Authority
 Coordination Dispatch Center “Energy”

Website of the Center of Hydrometeorological Service (Uzbekistan) meteo.uz
 Central Asia Water and Ecological Knowledge Portal cawater-info.net
 Website “Weather and Climate” pogodaiklimat.ru

For detailed analysis of water-related situation by SIC ICWC, please, visit the CAWATER-info portal cawater-info.net/analysis/index.htm